Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

## 1. (Currently amended) A compound of formula I:

$$\begin{bmatrix} R^1 \\ N & Z^1 \\ II & A \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R^2 \\ I & N \\ Q^1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R^3 \\ R^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

 $R^1$  is halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or  $V_mR$ ;

 $Z^1$  and  $Z^3$  are each independently  $CR^Z$ , and  $Z^2$  is  $CR^1$ ;

each occurrence of RZ is independently halogen, CN, NO2, or UnR';

 $R^2$  is  $U_nR'$ ;

X<sup>1</sup> and X<sup>2</sup> are each independently CR<sup>4</sup> or N;

each occurrence of R4 is independently halogen, CN, NO2, or VmR;

each occurrence of U or V is independently an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain, wherein up to two methylene units of the chain are optionally and independently replaced by -NR-, -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -COND-, NR-CO-, NR-C

-CONR-, -NRCO-, -NRCO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONRNR-, -NRCONR-,

-OCONR-, -NRNR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR)-;

m and n are each independently 0 or 1;

each occurrence of R is independently hydrogen or an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group; and each occurrence of R is independently hydrogen or an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group, a 3-8-membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic ring having 0-3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, or an 8-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated bicyclic ring system having 0-5 heteroatoms

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; or R and R', two occurrences of R, or two occurrences of R', are taken together with the atom(s) to which they are bound to form an optionally substituted 3-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic ring having 0-4 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur;

$$R^3$$
 is  $Q^2$ -Ar<sup>1</sup>,

or R<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup>, taken together with the nitrogen atom, form the cyclic group:

55 N Ar2

, where s is 1 or 2, each occurrence of Y is independently, as valency and stability permit, -CO-, -CS-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>5</sup>-, or -C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-, and R<sup>5</sup> is  $U_nR^7$ ;

 $Q^2$  and  $Q^3$  are each independently a bond or a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain, wherein up to two methylene units of the chain are each optionally and independently replaced by [[-NR'-,]] -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR'-, -NR'CO-, -NR'CO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR'-, -NR'SO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONR'NR'-, -NR'CONR'-, -OCONR'-, -NR'NR'-, -NR'SO<sub>2</sub>NR'-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR')-; and wherein any carbon atom in the one or more methylene units is optionally substituted with one or two occurrences of  $R^6$ , wherein each occurrence of  $R^6$  is independently halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or U<sub>n</sub>R', or two occurrences of  $R^6$ , or R' and  $R^6$ , taken together with the atoms to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 3-6-membered cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring; and

Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> are each independently a 5-8 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic ring having 0-3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, or an 8-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated bicyclic ring system having 0-5 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> are each optionally substituted with 0-5 independent occurrences of TR<sup>7</sup>; wherein T is a bond or is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylidene chain wherein up to two methylene units of T are

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

optionally and independently replaced by –NR-, -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR-, -NRCO-, -NRCO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONRNR-, -NRCONR-, -OCONR-, -NRNR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or –P(OR)-; and each occurrence of R<sup>7</sup> is independently R', halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, or CN; provided that:

I for compounds described where B is  $X_2-X_1$ , one or more of, or all of the following conditions apply:

A) for compounds having the structure:

i) when R<sup>1</sup> is Cl, and R<sup>2</sup> is -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)COOCH<sub>3</sub> or hydrogen, then Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup> is not -CO(unsubstituted phenyl), -CO(unsubstituted 2-furyl), or -COCH<sub>2</sub>(unsubstituted phenyl);

- ii) when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, and Q<sup>1</sup> is -CO-, then R<sup>3</sup> is not:
  - a) phenyl substituted with 4–O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4-7</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> or
  - 4-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>-<sub>7</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;[[; ]]
  - b) phenyl substituted with 2-Cl, 4-NO<sub>2</sub>, 4-Cl, 2-Br, 3-Br, 3-I, 3-CH<sub>3</sub>, 4-OCH<sub>3</sub>, 3-NO<sub>2</sub>, or 4-I;
  - c) 2,6-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl;
  - d) (5-Cl, 3-CH<sub>3</sub>, 1-phenyl)- pyrazol-4-yl; or
  - e) 4-OnBu-phenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>O(2-F-phenyl), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>phenyl, furan-2-yl, thiophen-2-yl, 4-CH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>O(2-CH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl), 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl, 2-(2,5-dimethoxylphenyl)quinolin-4-yl, -NH-(4-Cl-phenyl), -NH-(3,4-dichlorophenyl), (2-CO<sub>2</sub>H, 3-NO<sub>2</sub>)-phenyl, 3,5-dimethyl-ixoxazol-4-yl, -CH=CH-phenyl, 4-F-phenyl, C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>O-(4-Cl-phenyl), -NH(3-Cl-phenyl), -

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

NHphenyl, unsubstituted phenyl, 3,4,5-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl, 4-NO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl, 4-cyclopentoxy-phenyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>phenyl, -(tricyclo[3.3.1.13,7]decan-1-yl, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-(3-CH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl), 3-NO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl, -cyclopropyl-(4-tert-butyl-phenyl), 2,3-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl, 1,3-benzodioxo-5-yl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-O-(4-F-phenyl), or 3-Br-phenyl;

- iii) when  $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $R^2$  is hydrogen, and  $Q^1$  is -CSNH-, then  $R^3$  is not 2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl;
- iv) when R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, and Q<sup>1</sup> is SO<sub>2</sub>, then R<sup>3</sup> is not unsubstituted phenyl, unsubstituted benzyl, unsubstituted naphthyl, phenyl substituted with para-NHCOCH<sub>3</sub>, para-NH<sub>2</sub>, or para-CH<sub>3</sub>; and
- v) when  $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $R^2$  is  $-CH_2CH=CH_2$ , and  $Q^1$  is CO, then  $R^3$  is not 4-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl, unsubstituted naphthyl, -NH-(4-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl), 3,5-OCH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>Ophenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-thiophen-2-yl, or -CH(phenyl)(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>); and
- vi) when  $R^1$  is hydrogen,  $R^2$  is  $CH_2CH_3$ , and  $Q^1$  is CO, then  $R^3$  is not 2,4-Cl-phenyl; and
- B) for compounds having the structure: , when  $R^2$  is hydrogen or  $CH^3$ , and  $Q^1$  is -CO-, then  $R^3$  is not  $-OCH_2CH_2OCH_2$ phenyl;

II for compounds described where  $A_1 - S_2$ , one or more of, or all of the following conditions apply:

i) when R<sup>3</sup> is Q<sup>2</sup>-Ar<sup>1</sup>, and Q<sup>2</sup> is a bond then Ar<sup>1</sup> is not any one or more of the following: unsubstituted phenyl or phenyl substituted with 2-Br; 2-Cl; 2-I; 2,6-F; 3,5-OCH<sub>3</sub>; 3,4,5-OCH<sub>3</sub>; 2,4-OCH<sub>3</sub>; 3,4-CH<sub>3</sub>; 2,5-Cl; 3,4,-OCH<sub>3</sub>; 2-

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

Cl, 5-NO<sub>2</sub>; 3,5-Cl; 3-O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, 3-O-n-butyl, 3-CF<sub>3</sub>, 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>, 3-Br; 3-NO<sub>2</sub>; 3-CH<sub>3</sub>; 3-O-phenyl; 3-Cl; 4-N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; 4-N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; 4-SO<sub>2</sub>N(R')<sub>2</sub>; 4-CN; 4-COOCH<sub>3</sub>; 4-C(O)phenyl; 4-phenyl; 4-tert-butyl, 4-O-phenyl; 4-O-isopropyl; 4-OCH<sub>3</sub>; 4-OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>; 4-O-n-butyl; 4-Cl; 4-Br; 4-F; 4-CH<sub>3</sub>; 4-NO<sub>2</sub>; 4-Cl; 3-NO<sub>2</sub>, 4-morpholino; 3-NO<sub>2</sub>, 2,5-dioxopyrrolidinyl, or 4-piperidinyl; and

ii) R<sup>3</sup> is not any one or more of the following groups:

CH=CH-unsubstituted phenyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>(3-NHCOPh-phenyl), -6-bromo-2-(4-ethylphenyl)-4-quinolinyl, -CH<sub>2</sub>-pyrrolidine, unsubstituted cyclohexyl, unsubstituted benzyl, unsubstituted furan-2-yl, -CH=CH(3-NO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl), -CH=CH(4-NO<sub>2</sub>-phenyl), -CH<sub>2</sub>-naphthyl, unsubstituted naphthyl, unsubstituted thiophene, unsubstituted cyclopropyl, 1,4-benzodioxin, 2-oxo-1-benzopyran, 4-oxo-1-benzopyran, 2-thienyl-quinolin-4-yl, 3-chloro-benzo[b]thiophen-2-yl, 5-Br-(thiophen-2-yl), 5-Cl-(thiophen-2-yl), 5-NO<sub>2</sub>-(thiophen-2-yl), 5-NO<sub>2</sub>-(furan-2-yl), 2,5-Cl-(thiophen-3-yl), -CH=CH-(5-NO<sub>2</sub>-thiophen-2-yl), 5-NO<sub>2</sub>-(benzothiophen-2-yl), 3-OCH<sub>3</sub>-(naphth-2-yl), -CH<sub>2</sub>O(2,4-Cl-phenyl), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>S-phenyl, 2-phenyl-quinolin-4-yl, -CH<sub>2</sub>O(4-Cl-phenyl), -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-3-(4-Cl-phenyl)-1-phenyl-1-H-pyrazol-4-yl, or -CH<sub>2</sub>(1,3-dioxoisoindole); and

B) for compounds having the structure:

i) when  $R^1$  is Cl, and  $X_1$  is C-Cl, then  $R^3$  is not NHSO<sub>2</sub>-(2-CF<sub>3</sub>-phenyl) or -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-(2,6-dimethoxy-phenyl);

ii) when R<sup>1</sup> is CH<sub>3</sub>, and X<sub>1</sub> is C-CH<sub>3</sub>, then R<sup>3</sup> is not an optionally substituted indole or optionally substituted dihydroindole; and

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

C) for compounds of general formula I, when  $Z_1$ ,  $Z_2$  and  $Z_3$  are each CH,  $R^1$  is H,  $X^1$  is CH and  $X_2$  is C-COOCH<sub>3</sub>, then  $R^3$  is not 2-(4-ethyl-phenyl)-6-bromoquinolin-4-yl; and

III for compounds described above where  $\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + x^2}}$  is  $\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + x^2}}{\sqrt{x^2 + x^2}}$ , one or more of, or all of the following conditions apply:

- A) when  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$  and  $Z^3$  are each CH,  $X^2$  is N,  $X^1$  is CH,  $Q^1$  is –CONR-, and  $R^2$  is hydrogen or -CH<sub>3</sub>, then  $R^3$  is not optionally substituted pyridyl, optionally substituted thiazol-4-yl, -CH<sub>2</sub>pyridyl, benzimidazol-4-yl, quinolin-2-yl, 1-bromoisoquinolin-3-yl, benzthiazol-2-yl, optionally substituted 5,6,7,8-tetrahydronaphthyridin-2-yl, or phenyl substituted with -CH<sub>2</sub>piperidinyl; and
- B) when  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$  and  $Z^3$  are each CH,  $X^2$  is N,  $X^1$  is CH,  $Q^1$  is SO<sub>2</sub>, and  $R^2$  is hydrogen, then  $R^3$  is not phenyl substituted with where R" is hydrogen or -COCH<sub>3</sub>;
- C) when  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$  and  $Z^3$  are each CH,  $X_1$  is C-CO<sub>2</sub>H,  $X^2$  is CH,  $R^2$  is hydrogen, and  $Q^1$  is SO<sub>2</sub>, then  $R^3$  is not 2-CH<sub>3</sub>-phenyl; and
- D) when  $Z^1$ ,  $Z^2$  and  $Z^3$  are each CH,  $X_1$  is CH,  $X^2$  is N,  $R^2$  is hydrogen, and  $Q^1$  is CO, then  $R^3$  is not 5-methoxy-6-trifluoromethyl-1H-indole.
- 2. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein the compound has one of the structures:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

3. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is  $Q^2$ -Ar<sup>1</sup> and compounds have one of formulas I-A-i, I-B-i, or I-C-i:

- 4. (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein  $R^2$  is hydrogen, or is  $U_nR'$ , where n is 1, and U is a  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain wherein one or two methylene units are optionally and independently replaced by O, NR, S, or C(O).
- 5. (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein U is -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub></sub>
- 6. (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein  $Q^1$  is -C(O)- or  $-SO_2NR$ -.
- 7. (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein  $Q^2$  is a direct bond, or is  $-(CHR^6)_q-, -(CHR^6)_qO-, -(CHR^6)_qS-, -(CHR^6)_qS(O)_2-, -(CHR^6)_qS(O)-, -(CHR^6)_qNR-,$  or  $-(CHR^6)_qC(O)-$ , wherein q is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and  $R^6$  is R', -N(R)(R'),

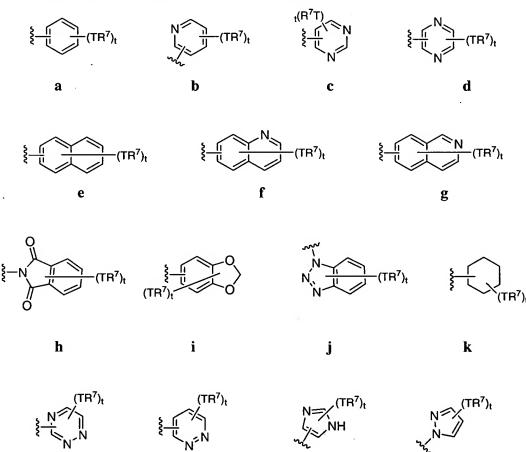
Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>N(R)(R'), -OR', -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>OR', -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>N(R)(R'), -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R', -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>COOR', or -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>COR', or two occurrences of R<sup>6</sup>, taken together with the atoms to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 3-6-membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated ring.

- 8. (Original) The compound of claim 7, wherein R<sup>6</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, OH, OMe, OEt, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(Me), NH(Et), N(Me)(Me), CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NHCO<sub>2</sub>t-butyl, phenyl, cyclopentyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHEt, NHCH<sub>2</sub>pyridyl, NHSO<sub>2</sub>phenyl, NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)Ot-butyl, NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>, and NHCH<sub>2</sub>-imidazol-4-yl.
- 9. (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> is:



Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

l m n 0 S u  $(TR^7)_t$ X aa bb dd cc ee ff ii

gg

hh

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

wherein t is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, and wherein any  $Ar^1$  is bonded to  $Q^2$  through any substitutable nitrogen or carbon atom, and wherein one or more hydrogen atoms on any substitutable nitrogen or carbon atom is substituted with one or more independent occurrences of  $TR^7$ .

- 10. (Original) The compound of claim 9, wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> is a, b, e, g, h, i, j, k, r, cc, dd, ff, jj, ll, or pp.
- 11. (Original) The compound of claim 9, wherein T is a bond or is an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain wherein one or two methylene units are optionally and independently replaced by -O-, -NR-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -COO-, -CO-, -OSO<sub>2</sub>-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>, -CONR-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, and  $R^7$  is R' or halogen.

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

-CH<sub>2</sub>OR', optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, -N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)N(R)(R'), or SO<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'), NRSO<sub>2</sub>R', CON(R)(R'), or  $-OSO_2R$ '.

13. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^3$  is  $Q^2$ -Ar<sup>1</sup>, or  $R^2$  and  $Q^1$ -R<sup>3</sup>,

taken together with the nitrogen atom, form the cyclic group:  $(Y)_s$  ,

is 1 or 2, each occurrence of Y is independently, as valency and stability permit, -CO-, -CS-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>5</sup>-, or -C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-, and R<sup>5</sup> is  $U_nR^3$ , and compounds of formula **I-A-ii**, **I-B-ii**, and **I-C-ii** are provided:

I-A-ii

I-B-ii

I-C-ii.

- 14. (Original) The compound of claim 13, wherein  $Q^3$  is a direct bond, or is  $-(CHR^6)_q$ -,  $-(CHR^6)_q$ O-,  $-(CHR^6)_q$ S-,  $-(CHR^6)_q$ S(O)<sub>2</sub>-,  $-(CHR^6)_q$ S(O)-,  $-(CHR^6)_q$ NR-, or  $-(CHR^6)_q$ C(O)-, wherein q is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and  $R^6$  is R', -N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_{1-4}N(R)(R')$ , -OR',  $-(CH_2)_{1-4}OR'$ ,  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}N(R)(R')$ ,  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}SO_2R'$ ,  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}COR'$ , or  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}COR'$ , or two occurrences of  $R^6$ , taken together with the atoms to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 3-6-membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated ring.
- 15. (Original) The compound of claim 14, wherein R<sup>6</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, OH, OMe, OEt, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(Me), NH(Et), N(Me)(Me), CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NHCO<sub>2</sub>t-butyl, phenyl, cyclopentyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl,

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

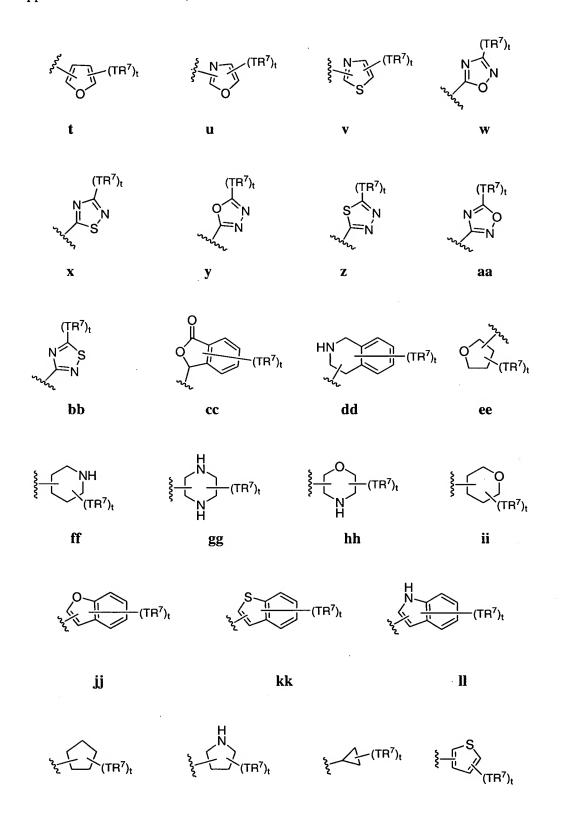
10/696,862

NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHEt, NHCH<sub>2</sub>pyridyl, NHSO<sub>2</sub>phenyl, NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)O*t*-butyl, NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>, and NHCH<sub>2</sub>-imidazol-4-yl.

# 16. (Original) The compound of claim 13, wherein Ar<sup>2</sup> is:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:



Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

mm

nn

00

pp

wherein t is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5, and wherein any Ar<sup>2</sup> is bonded to Q<sup>3</sup> through any substitutable nitrogen or carbon atom, and wherein one or more hydrogen atoms on any substitutable nitrogen or carbon atom is substituted with one or more independent occurrences of TR<sup>7</sup>.

- 17. (Original) The compound of claim 16, wherein Ar<sup>2</sup> is **a**, **b**, **e**, **g**, **h**, **i**, **j**, **k**, **n**, **r**, **cc**, **dd**, **ff**, **jj**, **ll**, or **pp**.
- 18.. (Original) The compound of claim 16, wherein T is a bond or is an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain wherein one or two methylene units are optionally and independently replaced by -O-, -NR-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -COO-, -CO-, -OSO<sub>2</sub>-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>, -CONR-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, and  $R^7$  is  $R^7$  or halogen.
- 19. (Original) The compound of claim 16, wherein each occurrence of  $TR^7$  is independently -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, -OR', -SR', -CF<sub>3</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -SCF<sub>3</sub>, -F, -Cl, I, -Br, -COOR', -COR', -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CON(R)(R'), -C(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>OR', -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR', -CH<sub>2</sub>OR', optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, -N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)N(R)(R'), or SO<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'), NRSO<sub>2</sub>R', CON(R)(R'), or -OSO<sub>2</sub>R'.
- 20. (Original) The compound of claim 13, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>OR', (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR', (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR', (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N(R')<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(R')<sub>2</sub>, (CH<sub>2</sub>)N(R')<sub>2</sub>, or C<sub>1-4</sub>aliphatic.

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

21. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein X<sup>1</sup> and X<sup>2</sup> are each independently CR<sup>4</sup> or N, and compounds have one of formulas II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, or XIII:

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
R^1 & & & \\
N & Z^1 & & R^2 \\
Z^2 & & & & & \\
R^4 & & & & & \\
R^4 & & & & & \\
\end{array}$$

$$R^1$$
 $Z^1$ 
 $Z^2$ 
 $Z^3$ 
 $N$ 
 $Q^1$ 
 $R^3$ 

II

IV

VI

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
N \\
Z^1 \\
Z^2 \\
N-S
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^2 \\
N \\
N \\
Q^1
\end{array}$$

VII

VIII

IX

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

22. (Previously amended) The compound of claim 21, wherein compounds have one of formulas II-A, III-A, IV-A, V-A, VI-A, VII-A, VIII-A, IX-A, X-A, XI-A, XII-A, or XIII:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

- 23. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein each occurrence of  $R^1$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aliphatic, OR, SR, or  $N(R)_2$ .
- 24. (Original) The compound of claim 23, wherein each occurrence of  $R^1$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OH, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -SCH<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub>, NH(cyclopropyl), NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)cyclopropyl, or NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

- 25. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein each occurrence of R<sup>Z</sup> is independently hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>aliphatic, OH, OR', or N(R)(R').
- 26. (Original) The compound of claim 25, wherein each occurrence of R<sup>2</sup> is independently hydrogen, halogen, Me, OH, OMe, NH<sub>2</sub>, or N(Me)<sub>2</sub>.
- 27. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R^4$  groups are each independently hydrogen,  $C_{1-6}$ aliphatic, CN, COR, C(=0)OR, C(=0)N(R)<sub>2</sub>, or halogen.
- 28. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is CN and compounds have the general structure **II-a**:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
N \\
Z^1 \\
Z^2 \\
Z^3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^2 \\
N \\
Q^1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^3 \\
CN \\
II-a
\end{array}$$

29. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen and compounds have the general structure III-a:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
N & Z^1 \\
Z^2 & S & N \\
N & Q^1
\end{array}$$
III-a

30. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen and the other occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is -COOR and compounds have the general structure VI-a:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

VI-a

31. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen and compounds have the general structure VII-a:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 \\
N \\
Z^1 \\
Z^2 \\
Z^3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^2 \\
N \\
N \\
N \\
Q^1
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^3 \\
VII-a
\end{array}$$

32. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of  $R^4$  is hydrogen and the other occurrence of  $R^4$  is C(=O)OR and compounds have the general structure **X-a**:

33. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen and compounds have the general structure **XI-a**:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

34. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $Q^1$  is -CO-,  $Q^2$  is CHR<sup>6</sup>, q is 1 2, or 3, and compounds have one of formulas XIV, XV, or XVI:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & R^2 & R^4 \\
R^1 & R^2 & R^6 \\
R^4 & R^2 & R^6 \\
\hline
XVI$$

35. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $Q^1$  is -CO-,  $Q^2$  is CHR<sup>6</sup>, q is 1, 2 or 3, and compounds have one of formulas **XVII**, **XVIII**, or **XIX**:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

- 36. (Original) The compound of claims 34 or 35, wherein compound variables are selected from one of more of the following groups:
- a) each occurrence of  $R^1$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aliphatic, OR, SR, or  $N(R)_2$ ;
- b) each occurrence of R<sup>1</sup> is independently hydrogen, halogen, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OH, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -SCH<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub>, NH(cyclopropyl), NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)cyclopropyl, or NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;
- c) each occurrence of  $R^Z$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aliphatic, OH, O(R'), or N(R)(R');
- d) each occurrence of  $R^Z$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, Me, OH, OMe, NH<sub>2</sub>, or N(Me)<sub>2</sub>;
  - e)  $R^2$  is hydrogen, or is  $U_nR'$ , where n is 1, and U is- $CH_2$ -,  $-CH_2CH_2$ -,
- -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>NR-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-,
- -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR-,
- -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR-,
- -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>-, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, or
- -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and R' groups are hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, optionally substituted tetrahydropyranyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl, thiomorpholinyl, pyridinyl, phenyl, or cyclohexyl, or R and R', taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl ring;
- f) each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>aliphatic, CN, COR, COOR, CON(R)<sub>2</sub>, or halogen;
  - g) q is 1, 2, or 3;
- h) R<sup>6</sup> is R', -N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>N(R)(R'), -OR', -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>OR', -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1</sub>.

  4N(R)(R'), -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>R', -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>COOR', or -NR(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>1-4</sub>COR', or two occurrences of R<sup>6</sup>, taken together with the atoms to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 3-6-membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated ring;

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

i) R<sup>6</sup> is CH<sub>2</sub>OH, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OH, OH, OMe, OEt, NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(Me), NH(Et), N(Me)(Me), CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NHCO<sub>2</sub>t-butyl, phenyl, cyclopentyl, methyl, ethyl, isopropyl, cyclopropyl, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHEt, NHCH<sub>2</sub>pyridyl, NHSO<sub>2</sub>phenyl, NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>C(O)Ot-butyl, NHC(O)CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>, and NHCH<sub>2</sub>-imidazol-4-yl;

- j) Ar<sup>1</sup> is ring **a**, **b**, **e**, **g**, **h**, **i**, **j**, **k**, **r**, **cc**, **dd**, **ff**, **jj**, **ll**, or **pp**, wherein t is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and T is a bond or is an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylidene chain wherein one or two methylene units are optionally and independently replaced by –O-, -NR-, -S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-,-COO-, -CO-, -OSO<sub>2</sub>-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>, -CONR-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, and R<sup>7</sup> is R' or halogen; or
- k)  $Ar^1$  is ring **a**, **b**, **e**, **g**, **h**, **i**, **j**, **k**, **r**, **cc**, **dd**, **ff**, **jj**, **ll**, or **pp**, wherein t is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and each occurrence of  $TR^7$  is independently  $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, -OR', -SR',  $-CF_3$ ,  $-OCF_3$ ,  $-SCF_3$ , -F, -Cl, I, -Br, -COOR', -COR',  $-O(CH_2)_4N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_4CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ , -C(O)N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_4OR'$ ,  $-(CH_2)_3OR'$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2OR'$ ,  $-CH_2OR'$ , optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, -N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_4N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_3N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)N(R)(R')$ , or  $SO_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $NRSO_2R'$ , CON(R)(R'), or  $-OSO_2R'$ .
- 37. (Original) The compound of claim 34 or 35, q is 1, and Ar<sup>1</sup> is optionally substituted phenyl and compounds of general formula XIV-A through XIX-A are provided:

XIV-A

XV-A

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^4$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^2$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^6$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^7$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^7$ 

$$R^1$$
 $R^2$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^6$ 
 $R^6$ 
 $R^7$ 
 $R^7$ 

### XVI-A

# $R^1$ $R^2$ $R^4$ $R^2$ $R^6$ $R^7$ $R^7$ $R^7$

XVIII-A

## XVII-A

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
R^1 & R^2 & R^6 \\
R^1 & R^2 & R^6 \\
\hline
R^2 & R^6 & (TR^7)_{1} & (TR^7)_{1}
\end{array}$$
XIX-A

wherein:

each occurrence of R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen;

each occurrence of R<sup>Z</sup> is hydrogen;

 $R^2$  is hydrogen, or is  $U_nR$ , where n is 1, and U is-CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-,

-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>S-, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NR-,

-CH2CH2OCH2CH2-, -(CH2)4NHCH2-, -(CH2)3NHCH2CH2-, or

-CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-, and R' groups are hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>alkyl, optionally substituted tetrahydropyranyl, pyrrolidinyl, piperidinyl, piperazinyl, morpholinyl,

thiomorpholinyl, pyridinyl, phenyl, or cyclohexyl, or R and R', taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 5- or 6-membered heterocyclyl ring;

each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>aliphatic, CN, COR, COOR, CON(R)<sub>2</sub>, or halogen;

 $R^6$  is R', -N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_{1-4}N(R)(R')$ , -OR',  $-(CH_2)_{1-4}OR'$ ,  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}$ 4N(R)(R'),  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}SO_2R'$ ,  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}COOR'$ , or  $-NR(CH_2)_{1-4}COR'$ ; and

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

t is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and each occurrence of  $TR^7$  is independently  $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, -OR', -SR',  $-CF_3$ ,  $-OCF_3$ ,  $-SCF_3$ , -F, -Cl, I, -Br, -COOR', -COR',  $-O(CH_2)_4N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_4CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3OR'$ ,  $-CH_2OR'$ , optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, -N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_4N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_3N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ , or  $SO_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $NRSO_2R'$ , CON(R)(R'), or  $-OSO_2R'$ .

38. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup>, taken together with the atoms to which they are bound form a 5-membered cyclic group, and compounds have the general formula **XX** through **XXV**:

$$R^{1}$$
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} XX \\ R^1 \\ R^2 \\ R^4 \\ QZ \\ R^5 \end{array}$$

R<sup>4</sup>

XXII

**XXIV** 

XXIII

XXV

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

39. (Original) The compound of claim 1, R<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup>, taken together with the atoms to which they are bound form a 5-membered cyclic group, and compounds have the general formula **XXVI** through **XXXI**:

40. (Original) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup>, taken together with the atoms to which they are bound form a 6-membered cyclic group, and compounds have the general formula **XXXII** through **XXXVII**:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

wherein W is O, NR<sup>5</sup>, or CHR<sup>5</sup>.

- 41. (Original) The compound of claims 38, 39 or 40, wherein compound variables are selected from one of more of the following groups:
- a) each occurrence of  $R^1$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aliphatic, OR, SR, or  $N(R)_2$ ;
- b) each occurrence of  $R^Z$  is independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted  $C_1$ - $C_4$ aliphatic, OH, OR' or N(R)(R');
- c) each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>aliphatic, CN, COR, COOR, CON(R)<sub>2</sub>, or halogen;
- d)  $R^5$  is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_3OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)_2OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)_3N(R')_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_2N(R')_2$ ,  $(CH_2)N(R')_2$ , or  $C_{1-4}$ aliphatic;
- e)  $Q^3$  is a direct bond, or is -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>O-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>S-, (CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>S(O)- , -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>NR-, or -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>C(O)-, wherein q is 0, 1, 2, or 3; and
- f)  $Ar^2$  is ring **a**, **b**, **e**, **g**, **h**, **i**, **j**, **k**, **n**, **r**, **cc**, **dd**, **ff**, **jj**, **ll**, or **pp**, wherein t is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and T is a bond or is an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain wherein one or two methylene units are optionally and independently replaced by -O-, -NR-, -

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

S-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-,-COO-, -CO-, -OSO<sub>2</sub>-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>, -CONR-, or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, and  $R^7$  is  $R^7$  or halogen.

- 42. (Original) The compound of claims 38, 39 or 40, wherein compound variables are selected from one of more of the following groups:
- a) each occurrence of R<sup>1</sup> is independently hydrogen, halogen, -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -OH, -OCH<sub>3</sub>, -SCH<sub>3</sub>, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>NHCH<sub>3</sub>, NH(cyclopropyl), NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)cyclopropyl, or NH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;
- b) each occurrence of R<sup>Z</sup> is independently hydrogen, halogen, Me, OH, OMe, NH<sub>2</sub>, or N(Me)<sub>2</sub>;
- c) each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>aliphatic, CN, COR, COOR, CON(R)<sub>2</sub>, or halogen;
- d)  $R^5$  is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_3OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)_2OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)_3N(R')_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_2N(R')_2$ ,  $(CH_2)N(R')_2$ , or  $C_{1-4}$ aliphatic;
- e)  $Q^3$  is a direct bond, or is -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>O-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>S-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>S(O)<sub>2</sub>-, -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>S(O)- , -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>NR-, or -(CHR<sup>6</sup>)<sub>q</sub>C(O)-, wherein q is 0, 1, 2, or 3; and
- f)  $Ar^2$  is ring **a**, **b**, **e**, **g**, **h**, **i**, **j**, **k**, **n**, **r**, **cc**, **dd**, **ff**, **jj**, **ll**, or **pp**, wherein t is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and each occurrence of  $TR^7$  is independently  $-C_{1-3}$ alkyl, -OR', -SR',  $-CF_3$ ,  $-OCF_3$ ,  $-SCF_3$ , -F, -Cl, I, -Br, -COOR', -COR',  $-O(CH_2)_4N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)N(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_4CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_3CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ ,  $-O(CH_2)_2CON(R)(R')$ , -C(O)N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_4OR'$ ,  $-(CH_2)_3OR'$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2OR'$ ,  $-CH_2OR'$ , optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, -N(R)(R'),  $-(CH_2)_4N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_3N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $-(CH_2)N(R)(R')$ , or  $SO_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $NRSO_2R'$ , CON(R)(R'), or  $-OSO_2R'$ .
- 43. (Original) The compound of claims 38, 39 or 40, wherein Ar<sup>2</sup> is optionally substituted phenyl and compounds of general formula **XX-A**, through **XXXVII** are provided:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

$$R^1$$
 $R^2$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c} R^1 & R^Z & O & Q^3 \\ \hline & & S & N & N-R^5 \\ \hline & & & S & S \\ \hline & & & & S \\ \hline & & & & & S \\ \end{array}$$

# XX-A

# **XXI-A** R<sup>Z</sup> Q Q<sup>3</sup>-

# XXII-A

$$R^1$$
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 

$$R^{1}$$
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{2}$ 
 $R^{3}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 
 $R^{4}$ 
 $R^{5}$ 

$$R^1$$
 $R^2$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 

$$R^1$$
 $R^2$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 

XXVI-A

XXVII-A

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

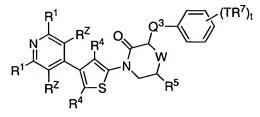
10/696,862

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & Q^3 & (TR^7)_t \\
R^2 & N & N & N & R^5 \\
R^2 & S & O
\end{array}$$

Ŕ<sup>Z</sup> )─Ś ¦̈́ R⁴

XXVIII-A

XXIX-A



$$R^1$$
 $R^2$ 
 $R^2$ 
 $R^3$ 
 $R^4$ 
 $R^5$ 
 $R^5$ 

XXX-A

XXXI-A

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & Q^3 & (TR^7)_{ij} \\
R^1 & R^2 & N & N \\
R^2 & S & Q^3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & Q & Q^3 \\
\hline
 & Q^3 & (TR^7)_t \\
R^1 & Q & Q^3 & (TR^7)_t \\
\hline
 & Q^3 & (T$$

XXXII-A

XXXIII-A

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & R^2 & Q^3 & (TR^7)_t \\
R^1 & R^2 & N & N-R^5 \\
R^4 & Q^3 & (TR^7)_t \\
R^7 & R^8 & (TR^7)_t \\
R^7 & R^8 & (TR^7)_t \\
R^8 & R^8 & (TR^8)_t \\
R^8$$

XXXIV-A

XXXV-A

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

44. (Original) The compound of claim 43, wherein compound variables are selected from:

each occurrence of R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen;

each occurrence of RZ is hydrogen;

each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>aliphatic, CN, COR, COOR, CON(R)<sub>2</sub>, or halogen;

 $R^5$  is hydrogen,  $(CH_2)_3OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)_2OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)OR'$ ,  $(CH_2)_3N(R')_2$ ,  $(CH_2)_2N(R')_2$ ,  $(CH_2)N(R')_2$ , or  $C_{1-4}$ aliphatic;

 $Q^3 \text{ is a direct bond, or is -}(CHR^6)_q\text{-}, -(CHR^6)_q\text{O-}, -(CHR^6)_q\text{S-}, -(CHR^6)_q\text{S}(O)_2\text{-}, -(CHR^6)_q\text{S}(O)_-, -(CHR^6)_q\text{NR-, or -}(CHR^6)_q\text{C}(O)_-, \text{ wherein q is 0, 1, 2, or 3; and t is 0, 1, 2, or 3, and each occurrence of TR^7 is independently -C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, -OR', -SR', -CF<sub>3</sub>, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, -SCF<sub>3</sub>, -F, -Cl, I, -Br, -COOR', -COR', -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)N(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CON(R)(R'), -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CON(R)(R'), -C(O)N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>OR', -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>OR', -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OR', -CH<sub>2</sub>OR', optionally substituted phenyl or benzyl, -N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>N(R)(R'), -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>N(R)(R'),$ 

45. (Previously amended) The compound of claim 1, having one of the structures:

 $-(CH_2)N(R)(R')$ , or  $SO_2N(R)(R')$ ,  $NRSO_2R'$ , CON(R)(R'), or  $-OSO_2R'$ .

Jingrong Cao et al.

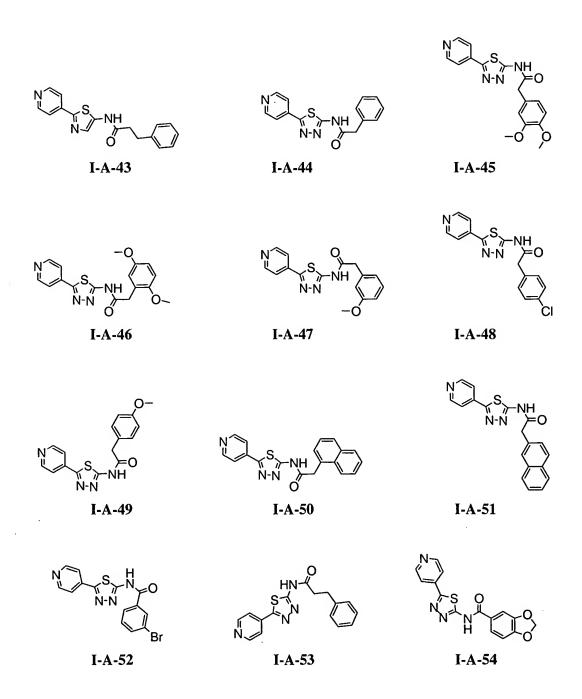
Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:



Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-25

10/696,862

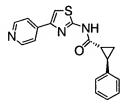
I-B-26

I-B-27

Jingrong Cao et al.

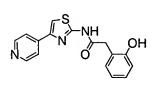
Application No.:

I-B-74



I-B-76

I-B-78



I-B-82

I-B-83

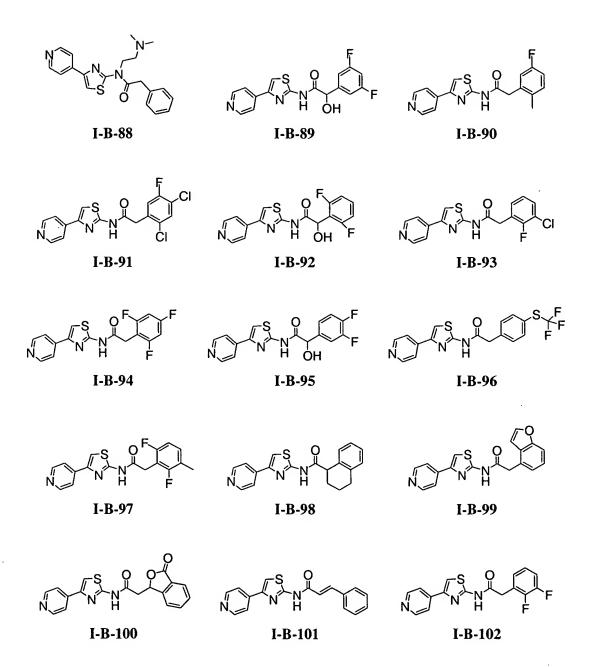
I-B-85

I-B-86

I-B-87

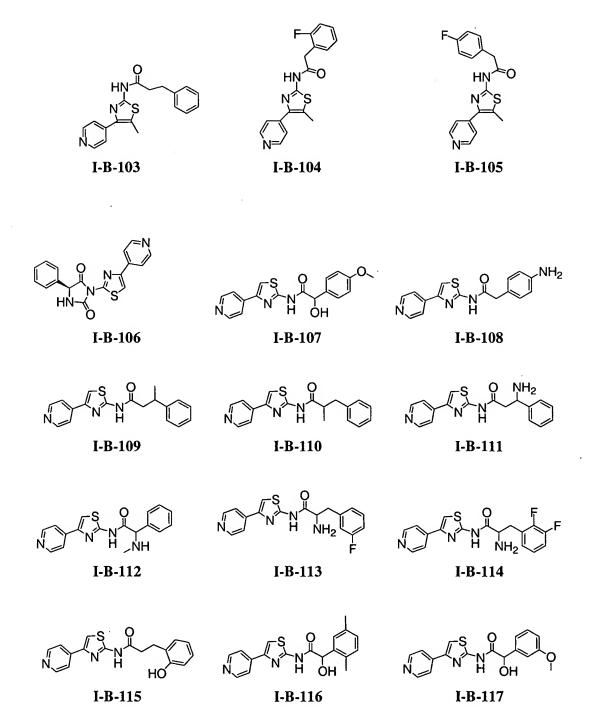
Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:



Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:



Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-130

10/696,862

I-B-131

I-B-132

Jingrong Cao et al.

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-178

10/696,862

I-B-179

I-B-180

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-209

I-B-210

I-B-211

· I-B-212

I-B-213

I-B-214

I-B-215

I-B-216

I-B-217

I-B-218

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-219

I-B-220

I-B-221

I-B-222

I-B-223

I-B-224

I-B-225

I-B-226

I-B-227

I-B-228

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-255

I-B-256

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-278

I-B-279

I-B-280

I-B-281

I-B-282

I-B-283

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

N O F

I-B-286

I-B-287

I-B-288

I-B-289

I-B-290

I-B-291

I-B-292

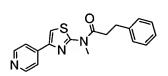
N N N

I-B-293

I-B-294

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:



I-B-295

I-B-296

I-B-297

I-B-298

I-B-299

I-B-300

I-B-301

I-B-302

I-B-303

I-B-304

I-B-305

I-B-306

I-B-307

I-B-308

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

I-B-309

I-B-312

I-B-313

I-B-314

I-B-315

I-B-321

I-B-322

I-B-323

I-B-324

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

I-B-337

I-B-338

Jingrong Cao et al. 10/696,862

Application No.:

I-C-3

I-B-346

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

46. (Original) A composition comprising an effective amount of compound of claim 1, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, adjuvant, or vehicle.

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

- 47. (Original) The composition of claim 46, additionally comprising a therapeutic agent selected from a chemotherapeutic or anti-proliferative agent, an anti-inflammatory agent, an immunomodulatory or immunosuppressive agent, a neurotrophic factor, an agent for treating cardiovascular disease, an agent for treating destructive bone disorders, an agent for treating liver disease, an anti-viral agent, an agent for treating blood disorders, an agent for treating diabetes, or an agent for treating immunodeficiency disorders.
- 48. (Currently amended) A method of inhibiting ROCK, ERK, GSK, or AGC kinase activity in:

(a) a patient; or

(b) a biological sample;

which method comprises administering to said patient, or said method comprising contacting said biological sample with a compound having the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
R^1 \\
N & Z^1 \\
Z^2 & Z^3
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc}
R^2 \\
N & Q^1
\end{array}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

wherein 
$$B$$
 is  $X_2-X_1$ ,  $X_1-S$ , or  $S-X_1$ ;

R<sup>1</sup> is halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or V<sub>m</sub>R;

 $Z^1$  and  $Z^3$  are each independently  $CR^2$ , and  $Z^2$  is  $CR^1$ ;

each occurrence of RZ is independently halogen, CN, NO2, or UnR';

R<sup>2</sup> is U<sub>n</sub>R';

 $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are each independently  $CR^4$  or N;

each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or V<sub>m</sub>R;

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

each occurrence of U or V is independently an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  alkylidene chain, wherein up to two methylene units of the chain are optionally and independently replaced by -NR-, -S-, -O-, -CS-,  $-CO_2$ -, -OCO-, -CO-, -CO-, -CO-, -CO-, -CO-,  $-NRCO_2$ -,  $-SO_2$ NR-,  $-NRSO_2$ -, -CONRNR-, -NRCONR-, -NRCO-, -CO-, -CO-,

m and n are each independently 0 or 1;

each occurrence of R is independently hydrogen or an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group; and each occurrence of R' is independently hydrogen or an optionally substituted  $C_{1-6}$  aliphatic group, a 3-8-membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic ring having 0-3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, or an 8-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated bicyclic ring system having 0-5 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; or R and R', two occurrences of R, or two occurrences of R', are taken together with the atom(s) to which they are bound to form an optionally substituted 3-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic ring having 0-4 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur;  $Q^1$  is -CO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, [[-CONR-,]] or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-;  $R^3$  is  $O^2$ -Ar<sup>1</sup>.

or R<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup>, taken together with the nitrogen atom, form the cyclic group:

75th N Q3 Ar2

, where s is 1 or 2, each occurrence of Y is independently, as valency and stability permit, -CO-, -CS-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>5</sup>-, or -C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-, and R<sup>5</sup> is U<sub>n</sub>R'; Q<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>3</sup> are each independently a bond or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylidene chain, wherein up to two methylene units of the chain are each optionally and independently replaced by [[-NR'-,]] -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR'-, -NR'CO-, -NR'CO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR'-, -NR'SO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONR'NR'-, -NR'CONR'-, -OCONR'-,

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

-NR'NR'-, -NR'SO<sub>2</sub>NR'-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR')-; and wherein any carbon atom in the one or more methylene units is optionally substituted with one or two occurrences of  $R^6$ , wherein each occurrence of  $R^6$  is independently halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or U<sub>n</sub>R', or two occurrences of  $R^6$ , or R' and  $R^6$ , taken together with the atoms to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 3-6-membered cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring; and  $Ar^1$  and  $Ar^2$  are each independently a 5-8 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or

fully unsaturated monocyclic ring having 0-3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, or an 8-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated bicyclic ring system having 0-5 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> are each optionally substituted with 0-5 independent occurrences of TR<sup>7</sup>; wherein T is a bond or is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylidene chain wherein up to two methylene units of T are optionally and independently replaced by –NR-, -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR-, -NRCO-, -NRCO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONRNR-, -NRCONR-, -OCONR-, -NRNR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR)<sub>2</sub>-; and each occurrence of R<sup>7</sup> is independently R', halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, or CN;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or composition thereof.

- 49. (Original) The method of claim 48, wherein the method comprises inhibiting ROCK activity.
- 50. (Currently amended) A method of treating or lessening the severity of a disease condition or disorder selected from a proliferative disorder selected from breast cancer, ovarian cancer, cervical cancer, prostate cancer, testicular cancer, cancer of the genitourinary tract, esophageal cancer, cancer of the larynx, glioblastoma, neuroblastoma, stomach cancer, skin cancer, keratoacanthoma, lung cancer, epidermoid carcinoma, large cell carcinoma, small cell carcinoma, lung

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

adenocarcinoma, bone cancer, colon cancer, adenoma, cancer or the pancreas, adenocarcinoma, thyroid cancer, follicular carcinoma, undifferentiated carcinoma, papillary carcinoma, seminoma, melanoma, sarcoma, bladder carcinoma, cancer of the liver and biliary passages, kidney carcinoma, myeloid disorders, lymphoid disorders, Hodgkin's, hairy cell carcinoma, cancer of the buccal cavity and pharynx, cancer of the lip, tongue cancer, cancer of the pharynx, cancer of the small intestine, colorectal cancer, cancer of the large intestine, rectal cancer, brain cancer, or leukemia; [[,]] a eardiac disorder cardiovascular disease selected from cardiomegaly, hypertension, angina pectoris, cerebrovascular contraction, cerebral vasospasm, coronary vasospasm, myocardial hypertrophy, ischemia/reperfusion-induced injury, endothelial dysfunction, or erectile dysfunction; [[,]] a neurodegenerative disorder selected from Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, Parkinson's disease, basal ganglia movement disorders, chorea, dystonia, Wilson's Disease, Pick's Disease, frontal lobe degeneration, progessive supranuclear palsy (PSP), Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease, taupathology, or corticobasal degeneration; [[,]] an inflammatory disorder selected from allergy or asthma; [[,]] an immunologically mediated disorder or diabetes, a viral disease, or a bone disorder, comprising the step of administering to said patient a compound having the formula:

$$I$$

$$R^{1}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$R^{3}$$

$$R^{2}$$

$$R^{3}$$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

R<sup>1</sup> is halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or V<sub>m</sub>R;

Z<sup>1</sup> and Z<sup>3</sup> are each independently CR<sup>2</sup>, and Z<sup>2</sup> is CR<sup>1</sup>; each occurrence of R<sup>2</sup> is independently halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or U<sub>n</sub>R';

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

R<sup>2</sup> is U<sub>n</sub>R':

 $X^1$  and  $X^2$  are each independently  $CR^4$  or N;

each occurrence of R<sup>4</sup> is independently halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or V<sub>m</sub>R;

each occurrence of U or V is independently an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylidene chain, wherein up to two methylene units of the chain are optionally and independently replaced by -NR-, -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR-, -NRCO-, -NRCO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONRNR-, -NRCONR-, -OCONR-, -NRNR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR)-;

m and n are each independently 0 or 1;

each occurrence of R is independently hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group; and each occurrence of R' is independently hydrogen or an optionally substituted C<sub>1-6</sub> aliphatic group, a 3-8-membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic ring having 0-3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, or an 8-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated bicyclic ring system having 0-5 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; or R and R, two occurrences of R, or two occurrences of R, are taken together with the atom(s) to which they are bound to form an optionally substituted 3-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated monocyclic or bicyclic ring having 0-4 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur;  $Q^1$  is -CO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, [[-CONR-,]] or -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-;

 $R^3$  is  $O^2$ -Ar<sup>1</sup>,

or R<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>1</sup>-R<sup>3</sup>, taken together with the nitrogen atom, form the cyclic group:

, where s is 1 or 2, each occurrence of Y is independently, as valency and stability permit, -CO-, -CS-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -O-, -S-, -NR<sup>5</sup>-, or -C(R<sup>5</sup>)<sub>2</sub>-, and R<sup>5</sup> is  $U_nR^3$ ; Q<sup>2</sup> and Q<sup>3</sup> are each independently a bond or a C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylidene chain, wherein up to two methylene units of the chain are each optionally and independently replaced

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

by [[-NR'-,]] -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR'-, -NR'CO-, -NR'CO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR'-, -NR'SO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONR'NR'-, -NR'CONR'-, -OCONR'-, -NR'NR'-, -NR'SO<sub>2</sub>NR'-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR')-; and wherein any carbon atom in the one or more methylene units is optionally substituted with one or two occurrences of R<sup>6</sup>, wherein each occurrence of R<sup>6</sup> is independently halogen, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or U<sub>n</sub>R', or two occurrences of R<sup>6</sup>, or R' and R<sup>6</sup>, taken together with the atoms to which they are bound, form an optionally substituted 3-6-membered cycloalkyl, heterocyclyl, aryl or heteroaryl ring; and Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> are each independently a 5-8 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or

fully unsaturated monocyclic ring having 0-3 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, or an 8-12 membered saturated, partially unsaturated, or fully unsaturated bicyclic ring system having 0-5 heteroatoms independently selected from nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; wherein Ar<sup>1</sup> and Ar<sup>2</sup> are each optionally substituted with 0-5 independent occurrences of TR<sup>7</sup>; wherein T is a bond or is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkylidene chain wherein up to two methylene units of T are optionally and independently replaced by –NR-, -S-, -O-, -CS-, -CO<sub>2</sub>-, -OCO-, -CO-, -COCO-, -CONR-, -NRCO-, -NRCO<sub>2</sub>-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>-, -CONRNR-, -NRCONR-, -NCONR-, -OCONR-, -NRNR-, -NRSO<sub>2</sub>NR-, -SO-, -SO<sub>2</sub>-, -P(O)-, -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-, or -P(OR)-; and each occurrence of R<sup>7</sup> is independently R', halogen, NO<sub>2</sub>, or CN;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or composition thereof.

51. (Original) The method of claim 50, comprising the additional step of administering to said patient an additional therapeutic agent selected from a chemotherapeutic or anti-proliferative agent, an anti-inflammatory agent, an immunomodulatory or immunosuppressive agent, a neurotrophic factor, an anti-psychotic agent, an agent for treating cardiovascular disease, an agent for treating destructive bone disorders, an agent for treating liver disease, an anti-viral agent, an

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

agent for treating blood disorders, an agent for treating diabetes, or an agent for treating immunodeficiency disorders, wherein:

said additional therapeutic agent is appropriate for the disease being treated; and

said additional therapeutic agent is administered together with said composition as a single dosage form or separately from said composition as part of a multiple dosage form.

- 52. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 50, wherein said compound is used to treat or lessen the severity of breast cancer, colon cancer, kidney carcinoma, lung cancer, melanoma, ovarian cancer, pancreatic cancer, or prostate cancer disease, condition, or disorder is allergy, asthma, diabetes, Alzheimer's disease, Huntington's disease, Parkinson's disease, AIDS associated dementia, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (AML, Lou Gehrig's disease), multiple sclerosis (MS), schizophrenia, cardiomyocyte hypertrophy, reperfusion/ischemia (e.g., stroke), baldness, cancer, hepatomegaly, cardiovascular disease including cardiomegaly, cystic fibrosis, viral disease, autoimmune diseases, atherosclerosis, restenosis, psoriasis, inflammation, hypertension, angina pectoris, cerebrovascular contraction, peripheral circulation disorder, premature birth, arteriosclerosis, vasospasm (cerebral vasospasm, coronary vasospasm), retinopathy, erectile dysfunction (ED), AIDS, osteoporosis, Crohn's Disease and colitis, neurite outgrowth, or Raynaud's Disease.
- 53. (Currently amended) The method of claim 50, wherein disease, condition, or disorder is atherosclerosis, hypertension, erectile dysfunction (ED), reperfusion/ischemia (e.g., stroke), or vasospasm (cerebral vasospasm and coronary vasospasm) said compound is used to treat or lessen the severity of cardiomegaly, hypertension, angina pectoris, cerebrovascular contraction, cerebral vasospasm, coronary vasospasm, myocardial hypertrophy, ischemia/reperfusion-induced injury, endothelial dysfunction, or erectile dysfunction.

Jingrong Cao et al.

Application No.:

10/696,862

54. (New) The method of claim 50, wherein said compound is used to treat or lessen the severity of Alzheimer's disease.

- 55. (New) The method of claim 50, wherein said compound is used to treat or lessen the severity of an allergy or asthma.
- 56. (New) The method of claim 50, wherein said compound is used to treat or lessen the severity of diabetes.